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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/553,689	10/18/2005	Stephanie M. Whited	63126A	2018
35503 Union Carbide (	7590 07/16/200 Chemicals and	EXAMINER		
	logy Corporation	LU, C CAIXIA		
P.O. Box 1967 Midland, MI 48	8641-1967		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1796	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/16/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/553,689	WHITED ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Caixia Lu	1796	

	Caixia Lu	1796	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>09 July 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPL	ICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.	
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi al (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, wwith 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ar no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE ).	g date of the final rejection FIRST REPLY WAS FII	n. LED WITHIN TWO
have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of the hortened statutory period for reply origing the hortened statutory period for reply original for the hortened statutory period for reply original for the hortened statutory period for reply original for the hortened statutory period fo	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in completing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS</li> </ol>	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better	isideration and/or search (see NOT w);	ΓE below);	
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a converse NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		mpliant Amendment (l	PTOL-324).
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		•	_
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		r be entered and an e.	cpianation of
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	al and/or appellant fail: ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	s to provide a ).
10.		•	
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.	, , , , , ,	condition for allowan	ce because:
12.	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Caixia Lu/ Primary Examiner, Art U	Init 1796	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance.

- (i) Applicants indicate in the Remarks that the previous Acton states that Jorgenson-745 fails to disclose or suggest partial activation of the catalyst precursor, and that Jorgenson-745 is cited for its teaching of contacting the catalyst presursor using in-line static mixers. In view of the examiner's whole response of May 29, it is apprent that Jorgenson-405 should be cited instead and the examiner appologizes for such a typographic error. As shown in the previous Office Action, it is the examiner position that Jorgenson-745 expressly teaches the partial action of the catalyst precursor.
- (ii) Applicants further argue that Example 5 of Jorgenson-866 fails to disclose or suggest Applicants' recited steps of partially pre-activating the catalyst presursor by contacting the slurry with one or more Lewis Acids employing one or more in-line mixers, and transferring the partially pre-activated catalyst precursor under plug-flow conditions into a gas phase, olefin polymerization reactor and adding an additional amount of the activator to the reactor to produce a homgeneous activated catalyst mixture. On the contrary, in lines 45-57 of col. 13, Jorgenson-866 expressly discloses that the catalyst precursor is partially activated in two sequential residence time vessels (the in-line static mixers), the partially activated catalyst precursor from the second vessel then exits the second residence time vessel and goes directed in to the polymerization reactor (fluidized bed, gas phase) where it is fully activated with the final amount of cocatalyst and ethlene copolymerization is carried thereupon. Therefire, the teaching of Jorgenson-866 meets the limitations of the instant claims. Applicants also argue that the partially activated catalyst precursor of Jorgenson-866 is fully activated in the presence of olefin monomer which is different the instant claims. However, applicants are reminded that the instant claims do not limit the partially activated catalyst precusor to be fully activated in the absence of the monomers. As a matter of fact, in industry, the partially activated catalyst precusor, cocatalyst and monomer are often continuously cofeeded to the polymerization reactor in order to reach a continuous steady polymerization state.

In view of foregoing, the rejections of the record are still deemed proper.